Department of Agriculture

National Directorate Veterinary Services

Notice No: VPN/17/2007-2

To: STATE VETERINARY OFFICERS

Subject: Principles of Certification

This VPN/17/2007-2 replaces the VPN 17/2007-1

Dr Mpho Maja
Director: Veterinary Services

Date: 2008-01-22

RULES FOR CERTIFICATION

1. VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION AND VETERINARY AUTHORITY

1.1 The Veterinary Administration (Director: Veterinary Services) authorizes the Veterinary Authority (Provincial Director) to certify on his/her behalf. The Veterinary Authority then authorizes the individual certifying veterinarians to certify on his/her behalf. Such authorization should be issued in writing.

1.2 The Veterinary Authority, by virtue of the delegated authority received from the Veterinary Administration will ensure that certifying official veterinarians have a satisfactory knowledge of veterinary legislation and work procedures as regards the commodities to be certified and, in general, are informed as to the rules to be followed for drawing up and issuing the certificates and as to the nature and extent of the enquiries, tests or examinations which should be carried out before certification. The Veterinary Administration will keep all the certifying official Veterinarians up to date with the latest versions of agreed upon Veterinary Health certificates as well as any changes in the import conditions / requirements from importing countries.

1.3. The Veterinary Authority will take all the necessary steps to ensure the integrity of certification. In particular they will ensure that certifying official veterinarians authorized by them:

a. have a status which ensures their impartiality and have no direct commercial interest in the commodities certified or in the holdings or establishments in which they originate;

b. are fully aware of the significance of the contents of each certificate which they sign.
1.4. The Veterinary Authority will introduce such checks and have such control measures taken as are necessary to prevent the issuing of false or misleading certification and the fraudulent production or use of certificates purported to be issued for the purposes of veterinary legislation.

15. The Veterinary Authority must be in a position to link certificates with the relevant certifying official veterinarian.

1.6. Without prejudice to any legal proceedings or penalties, the Veterinary Authority will carry out investigations or checks and take appropriate measures to penalize any instances of false or misleading certification, which are brought to their attention. Such measures may include the temporary suspension of the certifying official veterinarian from their duties until the investigation is over and/or the notification of the ethical committee of the South African Veterinary Council (SAVC).

1.7. In particular, if it is found in the course of an investigation that:

a. a certifying official veterinarian has knowingly issued a fraudulent certificate, the Veterinary Authority will take all the necessary steps to ensure, as far as possible, that the person concerned cannot repeat the offence;

b. an individual or an undertaking has made fraudulent use of or has altered an official certificate, the controlling authority will take all necessary measures to ensure, as far as possible, that the individual or undertaking will be brought to book to ensure that they cannot repeat the offence. Such measures may include a refusal subsequently to issue an official certificate to the person or undertaking involved.

The Veterinary Administration must be notified of all such cases.

1.8. International trade involves a continuous ethical responsibility between the relevant Veterinary Administrations. Therefore, if within the normal incubation periods of the various certifiable diseases (listed diseases of the OIE Code) subsequent to an export taking place, the veterinary authority becomes aware of the appearance or reappearance of a disease in a herd/flock which has been specifically included in the international animal health certificate, there is an obligation for the Veterinary Authority to notify the Veterinary Administration. The Veterinary Administration is
then obliged to notify the Veterinary Administration of the importing country, so that
the importation may be inspected or tested and appropriate action be taken to
limit the spread of the disease should it have been inadvertently introduced.

1.9. Equally, if a disease condition appears in imported stock, the Veterinary
Administration of the exporting country must be informed so as to enable an
investigation to be made, since this may be the first available information with
regards to the outbreak of a disease in a previously free herd / flock. The
Veterinary Administration of the importing country is entitled to be informed of the result of
the investigation since the source of the infection may not be in the exporting country.

2. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

2.1 A certifying official veterinarian can only be a registered veterinarian holding a
valid active registration number with the S.A.V.C.

2.1 These officials must be authorized by the Veterinary Administration according to Acts 40/2000 and 35/1984.

2.2 Certifying official veterinarians will not certify data or information of which they have
no personal knowledge or which they cannot personally verify or ascertain in
writing. In this respect the authorisation of a certifying official veterinarian may be
restricted to commodities originating from a specific region or a specific
establishment. Certificates or other documents, issued by veterinary professionals
in their capacity as authorized officials, must contain facts that can be verified
and not any information based on hearsay.

3. THE ISSUING OF CERTIFICATION BY THE CERTIFYING OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

3.1 Certifying official veterinarians may not sign blank incomplete certificates, or
incorrectly completed certificates.

3.2 Certification requiring specific details pertaining to container and seal numbers
will not be signed for any commodities that have not been inspected or have
had this
information verified, or which have passed out of the certifying official veterinarian’s control.

3.3 The certifying official veterinarian may certify data, which has been:

- a. ascertained by another official so authorized by the Veterinary Authority and acting under the control of the official veterinarian, provide that he or she can verify the accuracy of the data or;
- b. obtained, within the context of official monitoring programmes, by reference to officially accredited quality assurance schemes or by means of an epidemiological surveillance program authorized under veterinary legislation;
- c. the subject of a supporting certificate from another veterinary professional who has personal knowledge of the matters in question and is authorized to provide such a supporting document. (Ref. Annex I)

3.4 The correct certificate must be chosen from the Veterinary Administration database. Only certificates approved by the Veterinary Administration may be used. Certificates should not be changed or manipulated by the veterinary authority or certifying veterinarian.

3.5 Where certificates are issued on more than one sheet of paper it is advised that only the first page be issued on the authentic blank certificate paper and the following page(s) be properly cross referred to the unique series number at the top right hand corner of the authentic first sheet. The certificate should be produced on one sheet of paper or, where more than one page is required, in such a manner that it will be indivisible (eg. use of an A3 sheet) or, where this is not possible, each individual sheet be numbered (e.g. page 1 of 5, page 2 of 5, etc.) and separately stamped and signed by the certifying officer. If health certificates are issued in accordance with veterinary import conditions, reference to the veterinary import permit number can be made at the bottom of the page, and a reference number unique to the Veterinary Authority can be indicated here as well.

3.6 Certificates will always be issued and presented to the exporter or his / her agent, in the original.

3.7 A copy of the certificate (clearly marked “COPY”) may be provided to the Veterinary Administration of both the exporting and importing countries, if requested. Copies may not be printed on original certificate paper.

3.8 Where, for any good and sufficient reason (such as damage in transit) a duplicate certificate is issued by the certifying officer, it must be marked “DUPLICATE” before
being issued. A short explanation of the reason, number and date of issue of the original must be provided. Duplicates may only be provided under exceptional circumstances. This will be in the categories of lost, spoilt or re-issued certificates.

Duplicate certificate can also be requested if the country point of entry is not the same as the final destination, such as in the EU. Health certificates may never be back-dated.

3.9 A replacement new original veterinary health certificate (e.g. when the exporter has resold a consignment to a new importer once the original certificate was issued) may only be issued when the original certificate that is to be replaced is returned to the certifying official Veterinarian.

3.10 When required for preliminary reasons, a facsimile of a certificate may be sent to the importing country for approval purposes. The original certificate must however reach the destination before or together with the export commodity.

3.11 Certifying official veterinarians must ensure that copies of all signed certificates are kept available for auditing purposes for a period of at least 3 years after signature. For record purposes, copies should be kept for 10 years.

3.12 When signing a certificate the certifying official veterinarian will ensure that:

a. Only one original veterinary certificate is issued per consignment
b. No back-dating of certificates is to be done
c. No certificates can be signed after the date of departure of the vessel or consignment, unless the exporter accepts full responsibility in writing, and the health certificate issued does not require inspection of the commodity or item.
d. The certificate contains no deletions other than those required by the text of the certificate.
e. Any alterations of the certified information are deleted (such that the deleted portions are still legible), initialled and stamped by the certifying official veterinarian. No erasing liquid or tape is to be used.
f. The certificate bears his / her signature, as well as their name and official qualification, address and official position of the certifying official veterinarian in clear lettering. An official stamp bearing the above information is acceptable.
g. the official date stamp/official stamp should contain the following information: Republic of South Africa, Department of Agriculture, date in official format, name and registration number of the official veterinarian, and the name of the Veterinary Authority.

h. any manuscript portions are signed and stamped in a colour of ink that does not readily photocopy, i.e. a colour other than black;

i. the certificate bears the date on which it was signed, written in words (the month should be written out in letters e.g. 26 August 2004), the date it was issued and, where applicable, the time span for which the certificate will remain valid;

j. portions of the certificate that have been left blank must be deleted, so that it can not be completed by some person other than the certifying official veterinarian;

k. as far as possible, all parts of the certificate be in printed format with the only exception being the official’s signature, or where information must be written by hand, this must be legible.

l. Any certificate or other document issued by a veterinarian in a professional capacity as certifying official veterinarian must be signed by such a veterinary professional personally (ie. may not be signed on his behalf)

3.13. The certificate referred to above, must:

   a. be prepared with care and accuracy;
   b. be legible;
   c. be unambiguous and easy to understand;
   d. be serially numbered with a unique number

3.14 Keep the following guidelines in mind before certifying an export consignment:

   a. Always inspect the loading space (cooling truck or container freight) to be clean before loading.
   b. Note the registration number of the loading space (trailer) and not the truck (horse), unless the means of transport is a solitary unit and not interchangeable.
   c. In case of exports where more than one certifying officer is involved (e.g. request for export certification / movement permits / non-manipulation certificates etc – See Annexes II, III and IV), keep proper liaison with all parties concerned by means of written (e-mail or fax) and personal telephone communication. Always follow facsimile transmissions with an electronic or telephonic affirmation. It is however essential that if the initial communications are telephonic, this must be followed up with a written communication.
d. Place seals personally and do not hand the seals over to anyone not under your direct official supervision.
d. If box seals are required (E.U.), verify the integrity of these seals before loading. Be sure to have these numbered seals recorded per export consignment, as these numbers will be your only link in case of a recall exercise.
f. Seal loading spaces in such a way that it is impossible to open it without breaking your seals (use more than one seal if necessary). Seal export boxes in such a way that it is impossible to remove the lid without breaking the box sticker seals (use more than 1 seal if necessary / place adhesive translucent box tape over seals etc.).
g. Report any discrepancies in movement certificates, import certificates, etc. to the Veterinary Authority, who in turn must notify the Veterinary Administration.

4. PREPARATION OF CERTIFICATES

4.1 Export certificates will be negotiated and drawn up by the Veterinary Administration. Copies of all drawn up veterinary health certificates are to be provided to certifying official veterinarians.

4.2 All export certificates must be on a Department of Agriculture letterhead, and have the Department of Agriculture address (Directorate of Veterinary Services, Private Bag X138, Pretoria.

4.3 Certificates must be drawn up in at least one language understood by the certifying official veterinarian. When requested (e.g. as provided for in European Community legislation) an official translation of a certificate must be supplied, by the Veterinary Administration in at least one of the official languages of the country of destination.

4.4 Certificates may only relate to available facts applicable at the time of the signature. A certifying official veterinarian should not be expected to make assumptions about future events (e.g. the conditions of transport after leaving the official veterinarians control).

4.5 Certificates should not require certifying officials to certify that there has been compliance with the laws of other counties, unless the provisions of such laws are clearly set out on the certificate.

4.6 Contents in export certificates must be designed in such a way between the
Veterinary Administrations of the countries involved, that it does not jeopardize the ethical and professional integrity of the certifying officer. The contents of an export certificate should be based on scientific fact or risk factor and not on any reasons other than these (e.g. economic factors, etc.). If any commercial information is included on the health certificate, it should be clearly indicated that it has not been verified by the official certifying veterinarian.

4.7. Original blank certificate paper, bearing the official authentic watermark, will be issued from the Veterinary Administration to the Veterinary Authority, who will in turn issue this to the certifying official veterinarian. The Veterinary Authority will sign receipt of the blank documents (Ref. Annex VI) and the number range of the uniquely numbered blank certificates of the series issued to him / her will be recorded for future auditing purposes. The official certifying veterinarian will be subject to the same control measures. Missing numbers must be accounted for.

4.8 Export certificate titles must reflect the reason and purpose for which they were designed, e.g. do not use meat and meat product certificates for the export of hides and skins (keep to the prescribed model of certificate relevant to the commodity).

4.9 Export certificates must provide for the identification of the animals or the animal products to be certified.

5. SERIAL NUMBERS, RECORD KEEPING & SECURITY

5.1 The certifying official veterinarian will keep a detailed record (official MS excel import/export statistics – Annex V) of all certificate serial numbers and seal numbers used in the process of exportation / importation of commodities. Copies of this program are available from the Veterinary Administration.

5.2 All the statistics recorded on this database must be compiled in the prescribed manner and sent to the Veterinary Authority on a monthly basis to facilitate record keeping. These statistics will be compiled to generate yearly export / import reports. This information must be forwarded to the Veterinary Administration for record-keeping and statistical purposes.

5.3 Any spoiled or cancelled certificate papers must be kept on file in the original, as an audit of the official export papers can be done by the Veterinary Administration at
any time.

5.4 Official export certificate papers together with the personal numbered official stamp and the official seals, must be kept under lock and key at all times for security purposes. Only the certifying official veterinarian must have access to this key. Stamps that are stolen or lost must be reported to the South African Police Services, and a case number obtained. The stamp will only be re-issued by the Veterinary Authority on presentation of the police case number.

5.5 The Veterinary Administration as well as the Veterinary Authority must be in possession of a sample signature list from all certifying official veterinarian for the purposes of auditing.

6. MOVEMENT PERMITS

6.1 Where an export is certified from another point of dispatch other than where the said commodity has been produced, the commodity is moved to that point (e.g. cold storage at harbour) under cover of an official export movement permit (Ref Annex III), together with an official seal. A request for export info sheet (Ref. Annex II) is to accompany the movement permit if the health certification is to be carried out by the certifying official at the point of dispatch. This may be required if the health certificate does not accompany the shipment from point of loading to point of export.
6.2 If the final seal has been placed at the point of production (e.g. sea freight container loaded and sealed at the abattoir and moved per truck to the harbour), an export official movement permit will suffice (Annex III). In such a case, the health certification needs to be done at the point of loading by the certifying officer.

6.3 In both of the above-mentioned scenarios, the product description on the movement permit and the final health certificate must correspond. Change to the physical nature of a commodity during the movement and exportation processes (e.g. “fresh” to “frozen”) is not allowed.

6.4 If more than one commodity is to be exported at once, there needs to be one original health certificate per commodity.

This VPN is implemented in terms of the following:

- Animal Diseases Act (35 of 1984)
- Meat Safety Act (40 of 2000)
- Standing regulations of the Meat Safety Act
- Proposed new regulations of the Meat Safety Act
- Veterinary Procedural Notice (VPN-17)
- South African Veterinary Council Code of Conduct and Ethics
- F.A.O. International Plant Protection Convention
- W.T.O. agreement no. 4 (SPS agreement)

**ANNEXURES:**

- Annex I: Veterinary certificate
- Annex II: Application for export certification form
- Annex III: Movement permit
- Annex IV: Non-manipulation certificate
- Annex V: Export information sheet
- Annex VI: Receipt of official certification paper
I, the undersigned, an official veterinarian of the Government of South Africa, hereby certify that the meat obtained from the

**xx** ostriches slaughtered at the **Mosstrich Export Ostrich Abattoir ZA 24** on

**16, 19, 20, 21 and 22 April 2004**


DR DEMPSEY DE LANGE  
STATE VETERINARIAN, GEORGE  

DATE: _________________________  

Ref: 16/2/3  

CERTIFICATE NO. Mosstrich – 315
ANNEX II
APPLICATION FOR EXPORT CERTIFICATE

A. 1. Name and physical address of exporter: Mosstrich, 12 Mkuzi Street, Mossdustria, Mossel Bay ZA 24
2. Name and Physical address of consignee:

3. Name, address and plant no. of Abattoir: ZA19, Oryx Ostrich Abattoir, Steenkoppies, Orient, Magaliesburg 1791
4. Name, address and plant no. of Deboning plant ZA19, Oryx Ostrich Abattoir, Steenkoppies, Orient, Magaliesburg 1791
5. Date of loading:
6. Certificate type (country): Belgium
7. Vessel/Voy/Flight/Truck: Safmarine Kei, Voyage A627
8. Mass: kg
9. Number of cartons: cartons
10. Marks: ZA 19 Sticker Seals
11. Meat of: Ostrich (Struthio camelus)
   (Specify: frozen, chilled and what parts)

Signature of exporter

B. 13. Container number:
14. Seal number:
15. Name and address of Cold Storage:
16. Production dates: (To be advised or will appear on the movement permit)
   CARTONS ARE IN MERCANTILE CONDITIONS AND WERE LOADED UNDER MY SUPERVISION

Tel. No. of contact person:

Signature of Meat Inspector
ANNEX III

Movement Certificate
for the movement of fresh meat (1) between establishments or from the establishment to the port of exit

Department: Agriculture
Directorate: Veterinary Services
Reference (2): …………………

I. Identification of meat
Meat of: Ostrich (Struthio camelus)
(Animal species)
Nature of cuts: Chilled …………………
Nature of packaging: Sealed and strapped cardboard cartons
Number of cuts or packages: ………………… cartons
Month(s) and years(s) when frozen (if applicable): N/A
Net weight: ………………… kg
Identification marks: Oval RSA ZA 24 sticker seals
Temperature of the meat at the time of loading: … ºC
Thermograph reading at the time of departure: … ºC
Serial numbers on stickers: Selected numbers between …………………

II. Origin of meat
Address(es) and veterinary approval number(s) of the approved slaughterhouse(s):
Mosstrich, 12 Mkuzi Street, Mossdustria, Mossel Bay, 6500 ZA 24
Address(es) and veterinary approval number(s) of the approved cutting plant(s):
Mosstrich, 12 Mkuzi Street, Mossdustria, Mossel Bay, 6500 ZA 24
Address(es) and veterinary approval number(s) of the approved cold store(s):
Mosstrich, 12 Mkuzi Street, Mossdustria, Mossel Bay, 6500 ZA 24

III. Destination of meat
The meat will be sent from Mosstrich, Mossel Bay (place of loading)
to ……………………………………………………………………… (cutting plant/cold store/port of exit/country and place of destination)
at ……………………………………… (date and time of departure)
by the following means of transport (3): By road, truck registration no.: …………………
Seal number(s): FGP ……………
Name and address of consignor: Mosstrich, 12 Mkuzi Street, Mossdustria, Mossel Bay, 6500
Name and address of consignee (4): ………………………………………
IV. Attestation by the issuing officer

I, the undersigned state veterinarian, certify that:

(a) the ostrich meat described above satisfies the requirements of ………………. (5);

(b) the ostrich meat described above, together with its packaging, bear a mark proving that:

- the meat comes from ostriches slaughtered in approved slaughterhouses,
- the meat was cut in an approved cutting plant;

(c) this meat has been passed as fit for human consumption following a veterinary inspection carried out in accordance with point 47 of the Policy: Export of fresh meat and offal derived from ostriches;

(d) the transport vehicles or containers and the loading conditions of this consignment meet the hygiene requirements laid down in the Policy: Export of fresh meat and offal derived from ostriches.

(Place)  Mossel Bay (Date)  ………………

Dr …………….. ……………………….……………………….………
(Name and signature of the state veterinarian or meat inspector at the slaughterhouse/cutting plant/cold store)

V. Attestation by the receiving officer

I the undersigned receiving officer certify that:

(a) the temperature of the meat described above did not exceed 4°C in the case of chilled meat or -18°C in the case of frozen meat;

(b) the description of the meat received by me corresponds with the information contained in point I, II and III of this certificate.

(Place) …………………………………….. (Date)  ………………..

……………………………………………..
(Name and signature of the receiving officer at the cutting plant/cold store/port of exit)

(1) Fresh meat: all parts fit for human consumption from reared Ratites which have not undergone any preserving process: however, chilled and frozen meat shall be considered to be fresh meat.

(2) Optional.

(3) In the case of rail trucks and lorries, state the registration number and, in the case of aircraft the flight number, and in the case of boats the name and, where necessary, the number of the container

(4) The name and address of the consignee in the country of destination and the name and address of the coldstore must be included if the meat is destined for a cold store prior to export.

(5) The country of destination

(6) A signed and dated copy of the thermograph must be attached to the original veterinary health certificate.

(7) The original movement certificate and the original thermograph must be returned to the issuing officer. The receiving officer must keep a photocopy of these documents for inspection purposes.
NON-MANIPULATION CERTIFICATE

I, Dr. Hein Nel, a veterinary official authorized to certify meat for export from South Africa, hereby certify that:

1. Origin of meat

The meat described below arrived in Mosstrich, Mossel Bay from EPLA, Port Elizabeth, Plant No. ZA 7, and packed in Truck Reg. No. xxxxxxxx.

2. Identification of the meat

   a. Description of meat cuts: Frozen Springbuck and Blesbuck deboned cuts
   b. Number of cartons loaded: xxxxxxxxx Boxes
   c. Net weight: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Kg

3. Health assurances

   a. Throughout its period of storage in South Africa, the meat was held under the control of the veterinary authorities of the country.
   b. The meat was handled and stored hygienically and maintained under satisfactory conditions of temperature control throughout its period in the Mosstrich Cold Store. The temperature of the meat did not exceed –18°C (minus 18°C) at any time during storage.
   c. During the time of storage in the Mosstrich Cold Store the nature of the products was not changed in any way nor did it come into contact with any animal, animal product or potential infectious material. The meat was not contaminated in any way.
   d. The meat was loaded under the supervision of the South African Veterinary authorities.
   e. I further certify that the meat was packed into insulated container Reg. Number MAEU xxxxxxxx and sealed with Container seal No. ML ZA xxxxxxxx & Veterinary seal No. xxxxxxxx before being exported to the U.K.

Done at Mossel Bay on 19 March 2004.

___________________________
Signature of Veterinary official
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The reference number of the health certificate</th>
<th>Name of the entity in whose favour the certificate is issued</th>
<th>Type of product for which the certificate is issued</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Amount exported</th>
<th>Unit of measurement</th>
<th>Date of issue</th>
<th>Country of destination</th>
<th>Name of export approved facility</th>
<th>Approval number of export approved facility</th>
<th>Province</th>
<th>Name of any provincial authority</th>
<th>Registration number of the issuing official</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33535 A</td>
<td>Consignee1</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>xxxx kg</td>
<td>2 July 2004</td>
<td>xxxxxxxx</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. F.R. de Graaff (B.V.Sc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33536 A</td>
<td>Consignee1</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>2 July 2004</td>
<td>xxxxxxxx</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. F.R. de Graaff (B.V.Sc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33537 A</td>
<td>Consignee2</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>2 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. F.R. de Graaff (B.V.Sc.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33538 A</td>
<td>Consignee3</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>2 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. F.R. de Graaff (B.V.Sc.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33539 A</td>
<td>Consignee1</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>20 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33540 A</td>
<td>Consignee3</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>20 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33541 A</td>
<td>Consignee1</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>23 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33542 A</td>
<td>Consignee4</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>23 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33543 A</td>
<td>Consignee3</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>23 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33544 A</td>
<td>Consignee5</td>
<td>Frozen meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>27 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33545 A</td>
<td>Consignee3</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>29 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33546 A</td>
<td>Consignee1</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>29 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33547 A</td>
<td>Consignee4</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>29 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33548 A</td>
<td>Consignee2</td>
<td>Chilled meat</td>
<td>Farmed</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>Ostrich</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>29 July 2004</td>
<td>Mosstrich Ltd</td>
<td>ZA</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Dr. H. Nel (B.V.Sc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNEX VI

RECEIPT OF OFFICIAL CERTIFICATION PAPER

I, ______________________________, acknowledge receipt of official certification paper with serial No. [blank] to No. [blank].

I undertake to:

1. Keep blank official certification paper safe and secure under my control;

2. Record the pre-printed serial numbers of the paper in a register, which shows the following information opposite each number:
   2.1 The reference number of the health certificate;
   2.2 Name of the entity in whose favour the certificate is issued;
   2.3 Type of product for which the certificate is issued;
   2.4 Species;
   2.5 Amount exported;
   2.6 Date of issue;
   2.7 Country of destination;
   2.8 Name of export approved facility;
   2.9 Approval number of export approved facility;
   2.10 Province;
   2.11 Name of any provincial authority;
   2.12 Name of the issuing official;
   2.13 Registration number of the issuing official.

3. Keep a photocopy of every certificate issued;

4. Keep spoilt certificates together with the photocopies of issued certificates for auditing purposes.

Done at ______________________________ Date ______________________________

_____________________________
(signature of official)

Seal ______________________________